# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

59-13

## Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Mysterious Tundra
Product code	: 59-13
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: Imported By: The Sherwin-Williams Company 4440 Warrensville Center Road Warrensville Heights, OH 44128
Emergency telephone number of the company Product Information Telephone Number	<ul> <li>US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: 55-4160-8800 / 55-4160-8819 Monday to Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.</li> <li>US / Canada: (800) 798-5872 Mexico: 800-022-7926</li> </ul>
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity:</li> </ul>
	32.9%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statements	

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY.
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
2-Butoxyethanol	≥25 - ≤50	111-76-2
Amorphous Silica	≥10 - ≤25	7631-86-9
Titanium Dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Dimethylethanol Amine	<3	108-01-0
Xylene, mixed isomers	<1	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effec		
Eye contact	uses serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	tic if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May wsiness or dizziness.	cause
Skin contact	uses skin irritation.	
Ingestion	n cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/symp		
Eye contact	verse symptoms may include the following: n or irritation ering ness	
Inhalation	verse symptoms may include the following: isea or vomiting idache wsiness/fatigue ziness/vertigo consciousness	
Skin contact	verse symptoms may include the following: ation ness	
Ingestion	specific data.	
Indication of immediate med	ention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	ase of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be d exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 h	

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up

disposal contractor.

if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, AMORPHOUS] TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	•	
Dimethylethanol Amine	108-01-0	None.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		[Xylenes]
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [p-
		xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024).
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits	
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>OEL: 97 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024).</li> <li>TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021).</li> <li>STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>	
Dimethylethanolamine	108-01-0	<b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> STEL: 22 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 11 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.	
Xylene	1330-20-7	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>[Dimethylbenzene]</li> <li>OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 8/2023). [Xylene (o, m &amp; p isomers)]</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024).</li> <li>[Xylene]</li> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>	
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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		STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> <b>[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>4/2021). [Xylene]</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

	CAS #	Exposure limits
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indicesACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024)BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid(BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		
2-Butoxyethanol			
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		

#### Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

**Biological exposure indices (Mexico)** 

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure indices		
2-Butoxyethanol		Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: exposure sample at the end of the work shift.		
Appropriate engineering controls		entilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o s to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any y limits.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requi cases, fume scrubbers, fil	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>			
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sh	nd face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g the lavatory and at the end of the working period. nould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this gases or dusts. If contact	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	worn at all times when had necessary. Considering the during use that the gloves noted that the time to bread glove manufacturers. In t	vious gloves complying with an approved standard should be ndling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is he parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check are still retaining their protective properties. It should be akthrough for any glove material may be different for different he case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the res cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection		Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before		
Other skin protection	based on the task being p	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or ce	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important		

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Ap	pearance	

Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Brown.	
Odor	: Not available.	
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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Odor threshold	: Not	available.		
рН	: Not	: Not applicable.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not	Not available.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 135	°C (275°F)		
Flash point	: Clo	Closed cup: 499°C (930.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]		
Evaporation rate	: 89	(butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability	: Not	available.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit		Lower: 1.1% Upper: 11.9%		
Vapor pressure	: 0.59 kPa (4.4 mm Hg)			
Relative vapor density	: 3.07 [Air = 1]			
Relative density	: 1.2	1.2		
Solubility(ies)	:			
Media		Result		
cold water		Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.			
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)			
Molecular weight	: No	t applicable.		
Heat of combustion	: 10.	794 kJ/g		

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Dimethylethanol Amine	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	1641 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	2 g/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	5			mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Amorphous Silica	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25	-
				mg	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Dimethylethanol Amine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	5 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	445 mg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-
Amorphous Silica	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Dimethylethanol Amine	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene	Category 2 Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result	
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depred drowsiness or dizziness.	ession. May cause
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposu	re
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
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Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ffects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	3516.21 mg/kg
Dermal	35249.64 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	78335.49 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	8.58 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250 ppm Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Amorphous Silica	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	21 days
		Neonate	_
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
2-Butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily	
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily	
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

# Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-
ate of issue/Date of rev 9-13 Myste	l <b>/ision</b> : 12/16/2 erious Tundra	Date of previous	i <mark>ssue</mark> : 12/14/20		sion : 3.02 13 W-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 14. Transport information			
Special precautions for user	consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged		
	suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.		
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.		
	Proper shipping name : Not available.		

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### SARA 313

All data given below are MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES based on the product AS CURRENTLY FORMULATED and rely on information provided to us by our raw material suppliers. Our suppliers often provide an estimated value or range less than a certain upper limit. We calculate MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES using defined values, if provided, or the upper limit reported by our supplier. Additionally, the suppliers' information may include amounts present in the product as unintentional byproducts or impurities. Variations may occur in individual batches due to adjustments made during production.

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
2-Butoxyethanol Ethylbenzene	33 0.1	111-76-2 <b>\</b> 100-41-4
Glycol Ethers (SARA)	33	

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### International regulations

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

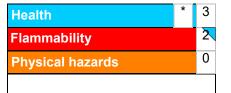
Not listed.

**International lists** 

 Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification		
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhala SKIN CORROSION/IRRIT SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ CARCINOGENICITY - Cat SPECIFIC TARGET ORG Category 3	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
History			
Date of printing	: 12/16/2024		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/16/2024		
Date of previous issue	: 12/14/2024		
Version	: 3.02		
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association	fficient on of Pollution From Ships, 1973	

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is

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## Section 16. Other information

responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.