# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

KK18

Section 1. Identifie	cation
Product name	: KANDY KONCENTRATES PINK
Product code	: KK18
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: Valspar Automotive 101 W. Prospect Ave., Cleveland, OH 44115 USA
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: 55-4160-8800 / 55-4160-8819 Monday to Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: 1-800-844-3691 Option 3 Mexico: 55-5333-1500
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Section 2. Hazard	s identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</li> </ul>

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 10.7%

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

Signal word

: Danger

2

 

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 9/9/2021
 Date of previous issue
 : 4/23/2021
 Version
 : 3
 1/16

 KK18
 KANDY KONCENTRATES PINK
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not
	transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number	
Xylene, mixed isomers	≥10 - ≤29	1330-20-7	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	≥10 - ≤21	78-93-3	
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	≤11	872-50-4	
Ethylbenzene	≤5.5	100-41-4	
CI solvent red 218	≤3	73049-38-4	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 9/9/2021	Date of previous issue	: 4/23/2021	Version : 3	2/16
KK18	KANDY KONCENTRAT PINK	ES			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	nmediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower yelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 inutes. Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	emove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate may r self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if espiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. hay be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. et medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious ace in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open rway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of halation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposi- erson may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	sk It s,
Skin contact	lush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and noes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or weal oves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash cloth efore reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	et medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mou ith water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the expose erson is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed pers eels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter ngs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head shou e kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to nonscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical ttention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a coll e, belt or waistband.	d on uld an

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

PINK

Potential acute hea	Ith effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> </ul>
Over-exposure sign	<u>is/symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
Date of issue/Date of revi	sion : 9/9/2021 Date of previous issue : 4/23/2021 Version : 3 3/16
KK18 KAND	Y KONCENTRATES SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

3/3/2021	Date of previous issue	. +/20/2021	Version . 5	0/
S			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

### Section 4. First aid measures

	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of previous issue

: 4/23/2021

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Date of previous issue

: 4/23/2021

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area.
including any		Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
incompatibilities		area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
-		locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
		container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been
		opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in
		unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	872-50-4	OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 60 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<ul> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>
CI solvent red 218	73049-38-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as CR) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cr) 8 hours.

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Canada)**

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 9/9/2021	Date of previous issue	: 4/23/2021	Version : 3	6/16
KK18	KANDY KONCENTE PINK	RATES			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Methyl ethyl ketone	1330-20-7 78-93-3	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).</li> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> </ul>
	78-93-3	<ul> <li>15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
N-Methyl pyrrolidone		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).</b> TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	372-50-4 100-41-4	<ul> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 400 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
		15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>1/2021).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).</b>
ate of issue/Date of revision : 9/9/2021 Date of previ		

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
--	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering controls to keep worker recommended or statutory limits. The engineering	process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or exposure to airborne contaminants below any gineering controls also need to keep gas, ower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work proces they comply with the requirements of envi	ironmental protection legislation. In some ring modifications to the process equipment
Individual protection meas	<u>ires</u>	
Hygiene measures		nd at the end of the working period. The remove potentially contaminated clothing. Ing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approv assessment indicates this is necessary to gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the the assessment indicates a higher degree	avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, following protection should be worn, unless
Skin protection		
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chemical necessary. Considering the parameters s during use that the gloves are still retainin noted that the time to breakthrough for an	y glove material may be different for different ures, consisting of several substances, the
Body protection	performed and the risks involved and sho handling this product. When there is a ris	sk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- t protection from static discharges, clothing
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional s	kin protection measures should be selected ne risks involved and should be approved by a
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/9/2021 Date of previous issue : 4	1/23/2021 Version : 3 8/16
KK18 KANDY KONCE PINK	ITRATES	SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Pink	
Odor	: Not available.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not applicable.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 78°C (172.4°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: -4°C (24.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.3%	
Vapor pressure	: 12.1 kPa (90.6 mm Hg)	
Relative vapor density	: 2.48 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: 0.95	
Solubility	: Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.	
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	: 18.526 kJ/g	

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Date of issue	/Date of revision	: 9/9/2021	Date of previous issue	: 4/23/2021	Version : 3	9/16
KK18 KANDY KONCENTRATES				SHW-85-NA-GHS-US		
	PINK					

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3914 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	
CI solvent red 218	-	3	

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 9/9/2021	Date of previous issue	: 4/23/2021	Version : 3	10/16
КК18					SHW-85-NA-GHS-U	S

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue/Date of	of revision	: 9/9/2021	Date of previous issue	: 4/23/2021	Version : 3	11/16
	KANDY KONCENTRAT PINK	ſES			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	3

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health e	ffects
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5578.21 mg/kg
Dermal	3883.59 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	21117.08 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	196.14 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

### Section 12. Ecological information

	-		
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours 🥄
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	Acute LC50 1.23 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 832 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 9/9/2021	Date of previous issue	: 4/23/2021	Version	:3	13/16
KK18	KANDY KONCENTRA	TES			SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	
	PINK						

Section 14. Trar	sport information
------------------	-------------------

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	11		11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	- <b>ERG No.</b> 128	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). <b>ERG No.</b> 128	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128		<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
pecial precautions	mode o suitably prior to respon unload	nodal shipping descrip er container sizes. Th of transport (sea, air, y for that mode of tran shipment, and comp sibility of the person of ing dangerous goods nces and on all actior	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic nsport. All packagin liance with the appl offering the product must be trained on	pping description ate that the produ g must be reviewe icable regulations for transport. Peo all of the risks de	for a particular ct is packaged ed for suitability is the sole ple loading and

Proper shipping name

: Not available.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone

#### **SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

1	Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 9/9/2021	Date of previous issue	: 4/23/2021	Version : 3	14/16
ł	KK18	KANDY KONCENTRAT	TES			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

### Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations	
International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method

<u>History</u>

Date of printing	:	9/9/2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	9/9/2021
Date of previous issue	:	4/23/2021
Version	:	3

### Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.